2	45TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 2002
3	I NTRODUCED BY
4	Richard M. Romero
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO PUBLIC RECORDS; ENACTING THE ACCESS TO INFORMATION
12	TECHNOLOGY ACT; PROVIDING FOR ACCESS TO PUBLIC DOCUMENTS FOR
13	THE VISUALLY IMPAIRED.
14	
15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
16	Section 1. SHORT TITLEThis act may be cited as the
17	"Access to Information Technology Act".
18	Section 2. DEFINITIONSAs used in the Access to
19	Information Technology Act:
20	A. "access" means the ability to receive, use and
21	manipulate data and operate controls included in information
22	technology;
23	B. "blind or visually impaired individual" means
24	an individual who:
25	(1) has a visual acuity of 20/200 or less in
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1	the better eye with correct
2	of vision so that the wides
3	subtends an angle no greate
4	(2) has
5	visual deterioration; or
6	(3) has
7	visual functioning that res
8	read and write standard pri
9	C. "informatio
10	processing equipment, hardv
11	to impart information to a
12	i ndi vi dual ;
13	D. "nonvi sual '
14	and other output communicat
15	comprehend;
16	E. "state" mea
17	institutions and other orga
18	government and its politica
19	F. "state-assi
20	supported in whole or in pa
21	G. "tel ecommun
22	information, images, pictur
23	or other electronic or impu
24	Section 3. ASSURANCE

the better eye with correcting lenses or has a limited field of vision so that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle no greater than twenty degrees;

- (2) has a medically indicated expectation of visual deterioration: or
- (3) has a medically diagnosed limitation in visual functioning that restricts the individual's ability to read and write standard print;
- C. "information technology" means information processing equipment, hardware and software used in a system to impart information to a blind or visually impaired and vidual:
- D. "nonvisual" means synthesized speech, Braille and other output communication methods not requiring sight to comprehend;
- E. "state" means the state, the branches, institutions and other organizational entities of state government and its political subdivisions;
- F. "state-assisted organization" means a person supported in whole or in part by state funds; and
- G. "telecommunications" means the transmission of information, images, pictures, voice or data by radio, video or other electronic or impulse means.
- Section 3. ASSURANCE OF NONVISUAL ACCESS.--The state shall ensure that information technology and

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1	telecommunications equipment acquired after the effective date
2	of the Access to Information Technology Act:
3	A. provides blind or visually impaired individuals
4	with access that is equivalent to access provided to
5	individuals who are not blind or visually impaired;
6	B. is designed to present information in formats
7	intended for both visual and nonvisual use; and
8	C. has been purchased under a contract that
9	includes the technology access clause required pursuant to the
10	Access to Information Technology Act.
11	Section 4. GOVERNOR'S COMMITTEE ON CONCERNS OF THE
12	HANDI CAPPED DUTI ES
13	A. The governor's committee on concerns of the
14	handicapped shall develop nonvisual access standards that
15	include the following minimum specifications:
16	(1) effective, interactive control and use of
17	the technology by nonvisual means;
18	(2) compatibility with information technology
19	used by other individuals with whom the blind or visually
20	impaired individual must interact;
21	(3) integration into networks used to share
22	communications among employees, program participants and the
23	public; and
24	(4) capability of providing equivalent access
25	by nonvisual means to telecommunications or other

interconnected network services used by persons who are not blind or visually impaired.

B. The state and state-assisted organizations shall include in all contracts for the procurement of information technology a clause requiring compliance with nonvisual access standards established by the Access to Information Technology Act.

Section 5. ACTION FOR INJUNCTION.--A person who incurs pecuniary damage proximately caused by noncompliance with the Access to Information Technology Act by the state or a person may maintain an action for injunctive relief to enforce the terms of that act. An action shall be commenced within four years after the cause of action accrues. A cause of action seeking to enjoin a continuing violation accrues at the time of the latest violation.

Section 6. EFFECTIVE DATE. -- The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2003.

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